

DENIS HURLEY CENTRE TRUST (Registration number IT 544/2010) ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Registration number: IT 544/2010)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

ACCENSIS

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile

South Africa

Type of trust

Non- Profit Organisation

Trustees

Emmanuel Sipho Phakathi Hester Elizabeth Joseph Ursula Colette Collings

Rubin Phillip

Delysia Norelle Timm Mikaela Joan York

Christopher James Desmond Lawrence Zibonele Ngubane Nomfundo Constance Dlamini Sabelo Hamilton Mkhize

Registered office

2 Cathedral Road Central Durban

Durban 4001

Business address

2 Cathedral Road Central Durban

Durban 4001

Bankers

First National Bank

Auditors

Accensis Incorporated
Chartered Accountants (SA)

Registered Auditors

Trust registration number

IT 544/2010

Level of assurance

These annual financial statements have been audited in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Non- Profit Organisations Act

of 1997

Preparer

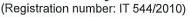
The annual financial statements were prepered under the supervision

of:

Errold Victor (Financial Manager)

Issued

18 April 2023





Contents

The reports and statements set out below comprise the annual financial statements presented to the trustees:

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(Registration number: IT 544/2010) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Trustees' Responsibilities and Approval

The trustees are required to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the trust as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates.

The trustees acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the trust and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the trustees to meet these responsibilities, the sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the trust and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the trust's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the trust is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the trust. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the trust endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The trustees are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The trustees have reviewed the trust's cash flow forecast for the year to 31 December 2023 and, in light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the trust has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the trust's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the trust's external auditors and their report is presented on pages 4 to 5.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 6 to 17, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the trustees on 18 April 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Trustee



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Trustees of Denis Hurley Centre Trust

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the annual financial statements of Denis Hurley Centre Trust set out on pages 8 to 17, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the annual financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the annual financial statements of Denis Hurley Centre Trust for the year ended 31 December 2022 are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the annual financial statements and the requirements of the Non- Profit Organisations Act of 1997.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with similar organisations, it is not feasible for the Trust to institute accounting controls over cash collections prior to the initial entry of the collections in the accounting records. Accordingly, it is impractical for us to extend our examination beyond receipts actually recorded.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the trust in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of annual financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the corresponding sections of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the annual financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the trust's own accounting policies to satisfy the financial information needs of the trust's trustees. As a result, the annual financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the document titled "Denis Hurley Centre Trust annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022", which includes the Trustees' Report as required by the Non- Profit Organisations Act of 1997 and the supplementary information as set out on pages 18 to 19. The other information does not include the annual financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the annual financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. As described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, [insert description of matter]. We have concluded that the other information is materially misstated for the same reason with respect to the amounts or other items in the [insert description of other information that is misstated] affected by this matter.



Chartered Accountants (SA) Registered Auditors

Tel: 031 566 5585 Fax: 031 584 7992

Email: info@accensis.co.za Web: www.accensis.co.za

Independent Auditor's Report

Responsibilities of the Trustees for the Annual Financial Statements

The trustees are responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the annual financial statements and the requirements of the Non- Profit Organisations Act of 1997, for determining that the basis of preparation is acceptable in the circumstance and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the trust to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with the trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Clecenso

Accensis Incorporated Chartered Accountants (SA) **Registered Auditors** Per: S. Naidoo Director

18 April 2023 Durban



(Registration number: IT 544/2010)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022





The trustees have pleasure in submitting their report on the annual financial statements of Denis Hurley Centre Trust for the year ended 31 December 2022.

1. Nature of business

Denis Hurley Centre Trust was formed in South Africa with interests in the Non- profit sector. The trust aims to serve the needs of the poorest people in Durban by co-operating with people of all the faiths to provide a clinic, feeding scheme, vocational training, educational and community support and a pastoral outreach to South Africans, migrants and refugees.

There have been no material changes to the nature of the trust's operations from the prior year.

2. Review of financial results and activities

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Trust's own basis of accounting and the requirements of the Non-Profit Organisations Act of 1997. The accounting policies have been applied consistently compared to the prior year.

Full details of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the trust are set out in these annual financial statements.

3. Trustees

The trustees in office at the date of this report are as follows:

Names:

Emmanuel Sipho Phakathi
Hester Elizabeth Joseph
Ursula Colette Collings
Rubin Phillip
Delysia Norelle Timm
Mikaela Joan York
Christopher James Desmond
Lawrence Zibonele Ngubane
Nomfundo Constance Dlamini
Sabelo Hamilton Mkhize

4. Events after the reporting period

The trustees are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

5. Going concern

The trustees believe that the trust has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The trustees have satisfied themselves that the trust is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The trustees are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the trust. The trustees are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the trust.

COVID-19

The trustees have considered the impact of the Covid- 19 pandemic on the trust and have concluded that the going concern assumption is still appropriate.

KwaZulu-Natal Floods

There were floods around KwaZulu-Natal towards the end of April 2022, however this had no direct effect on the trust as the infrastructure was not damaged.

Denis Hurley Centre Trust (Registration number: IT 544/2010)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022



Trustees' Report

Liquidity and solvency 6.

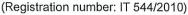
The trustees have performed the required liquidity and solvency tests required by the Non- Profit Organisations Act of 1997.

7. **Auditors**

Accensis Incorporated will continue in office as auditors for the trust for 2023.

Secretary

The trust secretary is Ms Lynne Crouch. The secretary is only responsible for taking minutes and does not perform any legal duties relating to the trust.





Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2022

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	28 543 058	28 672 087
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	6 193 054	7 806 614
Trade and other receivables	4	93 634	91 246
Current tax receivable		3 993	3 993
,		6 290 681	7 901 853
Total Assets		34 833 739	36 573 940
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Trust capital	5	100	100
Legacy fund reserve		1 330 699	1 330 699
Accumulated surplus		33 370 288	35 063 152
		34 701 087	36 393 951
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	6	132 652	159 989
Deferred income	7	,	20 000
		132 652	179 989
Total Equity and Liabilities		34 833 739	36 573 940



Statement of Comprehensive Income

Figures in Rand	Note	2022	2021
Revenue Operating sympasses	2	3 345 003	4 567 741
Operating expenses		(5 336 010)	(4 707 688)
Operating deficit		(1 991 007)	(139 947)
Investment revenue		298 143	292 961
Finance costs		=	(66)
(Deficit) / surplus before taxation		(1 692 864)	152 948
Taxation	8	-	4 058
(Deficit) / surplus for the year		(1 692 864)	157 006
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (Deficit) / surplus for the year		(1 692 864)	157 006



Statement of Changes in Equity

Figures in Rand	Trust capital	Legacy fund reserve	Accumulated surplus	Total equity
Balance at 01 January 2021	100	1 170 699	34 906 146	36 076 945
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	157 006	157 006
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	157 006	157 006
Increase in legacy fund reserve	-	160 000	-	160 000
Total changes	-	160 000	-	160 000
Balance at 01 January 2022	100	1 330 699	35 063 152	36 393 951
Deficit for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	(1 692 864)	(1 692 864)
Total comprehensive deficit for the year	-	-	(1 692 864)	(1 692 864)
Balance at 31 December 2022	100	1 330 699	33 370 288	34 701 087
Note	5			



Statement of Cash Flows

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash (used in) / generated from operations Interest income	9	(1 883 884)	51 042
Finance costs		298 143	292 961
Tax received	10	-	(66) 65
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from operating activities		(1 585 741)	344 002
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	2	(27 820)	(53 656)
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(27 820)	(53 656)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Increase in legacy fund reserve		· -	160 000
Net cash inflow from financing activities			160 000
Total cash movement for the year		(1 613 561)	450 346
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		7 806 614	7 356 268
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	3	6 193 054	7 806 614

(Registration number: IT 544/2010)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022



Accounting Policies

1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the accounting policies as set out below. The annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. They are presented in South African Rands.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which the trust holds for its own use or for rental to others and which are expected to be used for more than one period.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the trust and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in surplus or deficit in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the trust.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
Furniture and fixtures	Straight line	6 Years
Motor vehicles	Straight line	4 Years
Office equipment	Straight line	3 Years
IT equipment	Straight line	3 Years
Computer software	Straight line	3 Years
Other property, plant and equipment	Straight line	3 Years

When indicators are present that the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment have changed since the most recent annual reporting date, they are reassessed. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

Impairment tests are performed on property, plant and equipment when there is an indicator that they may be impaired. When the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is assessed to be higher than the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit to bring the carrying amount in line with the recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its continued use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item, is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised.

(Registration number: IT 544/2010)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022



Accounting Policies

1.2 Financial instruments

Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through surplus or deficit) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction in which case it is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial instruments at amortised cost

These include loans, trade receivables and trade payables. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

Financial instruments at cost

Equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial instruments at fair value

All other financial instruments, including equity instruments that are publicly traded or whose fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, without undue cost or effort, are measured at fair value through surplus or deficit.

If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort, then the fair value at the last date that such a reliable measure was available is treated as the cost of the instrument. The instrument is then measured at cost less impairment until management are able to measure fair value without undue cost or effort.

1.3 Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities

Current tax for current and prior periods is, to the extent unpaid, recognised as a liability. If the amount already paid in respect of current and prior periods exceeds the amount due for those periods, the excess is recognised as an asset.

The tax liability reflects the effect of the possible outcomes of a review by the tax authorities.

Tax expenses

Tax expense is recognised in the same component of total comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense.

1.4 Impairment of assets

The trust assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired.

If there is any such indication, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

(Registration number: IT 544/2010)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022



Accounting Policies

1.5 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as leave pay and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

1.6 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the trust has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of goods to the buyer, or has rendered services under an agreement provided the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the trust. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding sales taxes and discounts.

Interest is recognised, in surplus or deficit, using the effective interest rate method.

1.7 Legacy Fund reserve

The trust recognises funds which have been specifically donated from deceased estates and special bequests directly as a legacy fund reserve.

These funds will then be held in an investment account which will generate returns to used to fund the centre and its operations in perpetuity.



Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

2022	2021
	2022

Property, plant and equipment

		2022			2021	
	Cost	Accumulated C depreciation and impairment	arrying value	Cost	Accumulated C depreciation and impairment	arrying value
Buildings	28 304 639	-	28 304 639	28 301 184	-	28 301 184
Furniture and fixtures	981 698	(926 473)	55 225	977 273	(900524)	76 749
Motor vehicles	780 432	(780 431)	1	780 432	(666 619)	113 813
Office equipment	375 209	(361 622)	13 587	369 542	(346 103)	23 439
IT equipment	225 910	(213 205)	12 705	211 638	(211 637)	1
Computer software	8 958	(8 957)	1	8 958	(8 957)	1
Other property, plant and equipment	156 900	-	156 900	156 900	-	156 900
Total	30 833 746	(2 290 688)	28 543 058	30 805 927	(2 133 840)	28 672 087

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2022

	Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing
D. 11.11		2 122		balance
Buildings	28 301 184	3 455	-	28 304 639
Furniture and fixtures	76 749	4 426	(25950)	55 225
Motor vehicles	113 813	-	(113 812)	1
Office equipment	23 439	5 666	(15 519)	13 587
IT equipment	1	14 273	(1 568)	12 705
Computer software	1	-		1
Other property, plant and equipment	156 900	-	-	156 900
	28 672 087	27 820	(156 849)	28 543 058

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2021

	Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing balance
Buildings	28 301 184	-		28 301 184
Furniture and fixtures	54 984	45 211	(23446)	76 749
Motor vehicles	308 921	7 -	(195 108)	113 813
Office equipment	33 334	8 445	(18 340)	23 439
IT equipment	1	-	-	1
Computer software	1	-		1
Other property, plant and equipment	156 900	-	-	156 900
	28 855 325	53 656	(236 894)	28 672 087

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

Cash on hand	4 125	7 508
Bank balances	6 188 929	7 799 106
	6 193 054	7 806 614





Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
4. Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables	93 699	17 441
Provision for Bad Debts	(80 700)	-
Prepayments	-	9 267
Deposits √alue Added Tax	35 700 19 271	33 200 31 238
Accrued income	100	100
Other receivables	25 564	-
	93 634	91 246
5. Trust capital		
Created in terms of the deed of trust and donation No: IT 544/2010 dated 05	100	100
May 2010	100	100
		100
6. Trade and other payables		
Trade payables	5 714	7 414
Accrued expense	114 048	138 820
Deposits received	5 250	12 750
Other payables	7 640	1 005
	132 652	159 989
7. Deferred income	ir.	
Deferred income	-	20 000
8. Taxation		
Major components of the tax income		
Current taxation		// 0=0
South African normal tax - prior period over provision		(4 058
The trust is a public benefit organisation in terms of section 30 of the Income Tax Act , and other facilities to tenants resulting in rental income, therefore its receipts and accruin terms of \$10(1)(cN)		

in terms of S10(1)(cN).

Cash (used in) / generated from operations

Net (deficit) / surplus before taxation	(1 692 864)	152 948
Adjustments for: Depreciation	156 849	236 894
Investment income	(298 143)	(292961)
Finance costs	-	66
Changes in working capital:		
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	(2 390)	(8 289)
(Decrease) / increase in trade and other payables	(27 336)	32 384
Decrease in deferred income	(20 000)	(70 000)
	(1 883 884)	51 042



(Registration number: IT 544/2010)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022



Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
10. Tax refunded		
Balance at the beginning of the year Current tax for the year recognised in profit or loss Balance at the end of the year	3 993 (3 993)	4 058 (3 993)
	-	65
11. Employee cost		
Employee costs Basic UIF & OID Contributions	2 939 186 33 663	2 503 376 29 227
	2 972 849	2 532 603

12. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

The trustees believe that the trust has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The trustees have satisfied themselves that the trust is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The trustees are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the trust. The trustees are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the trust.

COVID-19

The trustees have considered the impact of the Covid- 19 pandemic on the trust and have concluded that the going concern assumption is still appropriate.

KwaZulu-Natal Floods

There were floods around KwaZulu-Natal towards the end of April 2022, however this had no direct effect on the trust as the infrastructure was not damaged.

13. Events after the reporting period

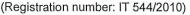
The trustees are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.





Detailed Income Statement

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Revenue			
Donation - Centenary Club		405 667	377 780
Donation - Local businesses		171 000	133 993
Donation - Local Catholic organisations and parishes		78 489	177 070
Donation - Local Christian churches		1 200	53 148
Donation - Local individuals and organisations		1 451 847	1 681 741
Donation - Other faiths		-	650
Donation - Overseas Catholic organisation		-	882 138
Donation - Overseas individuals and organisations		460 697	651 575
Fundraising income		19 808	16 922
Tenant income		84 216	75 576
Venue Hire		672 079	517 148
		3 345 003	4 567 741
Expenses (Refer to page 19)		(5 336 010)	(4 707 688)
Operating deficit		(1 991 007)	(139 947)
Investment income		298 143	292 961
Finance costs		-	(66)
		298 143	292 895
(Deficit) / surplus before taxation		(1 692 864)	152 948
Taxation	8		4 058
(Deficit) / surplus for the year		(1 692 864)	157 006





Detailed Income Statement

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Omerating synapses			
Operating expenses		(07.400)	(40.000)
Accounting fees		(27 482)	(19 280)
Administration and management fees		(244 406)	(284 426)
Advertising		(17 905)	(30 274)
Auditors remuneration		-	(24 450)
Bad debts		(80 700)	-
Bank charges		(7 389)	(7 705)
Cleaning		(271 309)	(240 089)
Clinic supplies		(35 588)	(17 734)
Commission paid		(33 357)	(28 276)
Depreciation		(156 849)	(236 894)
Donations		(21 350)	-
Employee costs	11	(2 972 849)	(2 532 603)
Equipment expenses		(14 813)	(11 298)
Hospitality expenses		(2 175)	(114)
Identity documents		(18 200)	(10 460)
Insurance		(62 696)	(63 523)
Meal preparation expenses		(4 484)	(38 689)
Medical expenses		(265 367)	(183 851)
Motor vehicle expenses		(104 143)	(87 137
Organisation events		(3 646)	(3 055
Printing and stationery		(41 801)	(24 148
Repairs and maintenance		(128 844)	(178 940
Security		(6 940)	(14 783
Staff welfare		(18 359)	(10 377
Staff training		(1.961)	(12 331
Telephone and fax		(226 847)	(200 373
Travel - local		(81 217)	(46 085
Uniforms		(349)	(2 071
Utilities		(484 984)	(398 722
		(5 336 010)	(4 707 688